



An Introduction and Overview

Luke 1:1-3

Inasmuch as many have taken in hand to set in order a narrative of those things which have been fulfilled among us... it seemed good to me also... to write to you an orderly account, most excellent **Theophilus**...

Θεόφιλος (Theophilos) = friend of God;

Acts 1:1-3

The former account I made, O **Theophilus**, of all that Jesus began both to do and teach, until the day in which He was taken up...



Luke, the beloved physician

Luke the beloved physician and Demas greet you. (Colossians 4:14)

Epaphras, my fellow prisoner in Christ Jesus, greets you, as do Mark, Aristarchus, Demas, Luke, my fellow laborers. (Philemon 1:23-24)

Only Luke is with me. Get Mark and bring him with you, for he is useful to me for ministry.

(2 Timothy 4:11)



Luke with Paul in Acts

The Second Journey

Now after he had seen the vision, immediately **we sought to go to Macedonia**, concluding that the Lord had called us to preach the gospel to them.

(Acts 16:10)

The Third Journey

Now when he had gone over that region and encouraged them with many words, **he came to Greece** and stayed three months. And when the Jews plotted against him as he was about to sail to Syria, he decided to return through Macedonia. And Sopater of Berea accompanied him to Asia—also Aristarchus and Secundus of the Thessalonians, and Gaius of Derbe, and Timothy, and Tychicus and Trophimus of Asia. These men, going ahead, **waited for us at Troas**.

(Acts 20:1-5)

The Trip to Rome

And when it was decided that **we should sail to Italy**, they delivered Paul and some other prisoners to one named Julius, a centurion of the Augustan Regiment. So, entering a ship of Adramyttium, **we put to sea**, meaning to sail along the coasts of Asia. Aristarchus, a Macedonian of Thessalonica, **was with us**.

(Acts 27:1-2)

Is Acts reliable?

"Further study ... showed that the book [Acts] could bear the most *minute scrutiny as* an authority for the facts of the Aegean world, and that it was written with such judgment, skill, art and perception of truth as to be a model of historical statement".

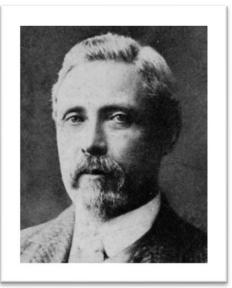
Sir William Ramsay (1851-1939)

For example:

Luke writes of:-

- *proconsuls* in senatorial provinces
- *asiarchs* in Ephesus
- politarchs in Thessalonica

politarch (Acts 17:6) The term was unknown in Greek literature outside Acts, but Ramsay found five inscriptions with the term in Thessalonica.



Ramsay gained 3 honorary fellowships from Oxford colleges, 9 honorary doctorates from British, Continental and North American universities, and was an honorary member of almost every association devoted to archaeology and historical research.

See also: <u>Sergius Paulus: An Archaeological Biography – Bible Archaeology Report</u>

The book without an ending...

Then Paul dwelt two whole years in his own rented house,

and received all who came to him, preaching the kingdom of God and teaching the things which concern the Lord Jesus Christ with all confidence, no one forbidding him.

(Acts 28:30-31)

"You shall be witnesses to Me in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the end of the earth." (Acts 1:8)



The Acts of the Apostles - a Summary

	Γ	Introduction (Chapter 1)
Peter & John	\mathbf{I}	The birth of the church (Chapter 2)
		The church grows in Jerusalem (Chapters 3 to 7)
		The gospel spreads in Judea and Samaria (Chapter 8)
Peter & Phillip 🗖	\mathbf{I}	Paul is converted (Chapter 9:1-31)
		Peter's travels and Gentiles believe (Chapter 9:32 to 11:18)
	Γ	The church in Antioch (Chapter 11:19-30)
		Herod's persecution and death (Chapter 12)
Paul & Barnabas –	1	Paul's first journey (Chapters 13 to 14)
		The conference in Jerusalem (Chapter 15)
		Paul's second journey (Chapters 16 to 18)
		Paul's third journey (Chapters 19 to 21:14)
Paul 🗕	\mathbf{I}	Paul arrested in Jerusalem (Chapter 21:15 to 23)
		Paul is tried by Romans (Chapters 24 to 26)
		Paul is sent to Rome (Chapters 27 to 28)



Records of preaching in Acts

To Jews -	• Peter to Jews in Jerusalem on Pentecost (Acts 2:14-40)
	• Peter to Jews in Jerusalem after a miracle (Acts 3:12-26)
	• Peter's defence before the Sanhedrin (Acts 4:8-12)
	• Stephen's defence before the Sanhedrin (Acts 7:2-53)
To Gentiles 🚽	• Peter to Cornelius and his household (Acts 10:34-43)
To Jews 🚽	 Paul to Jews in Pisidian Antioch (Acts 13:16-41)
To Gentiles -	Paul to philosophers in Athens (Acts 17:22-31)
	 Paul to the elders from Ephesus (Acts 20:18-35)
To Jews 🚽	• Paul's defence before the mob in Jerusalem (Acts 22:1-21)
To Gentiles -	• Paul's defence before the governor Felix (Acts 24:10-21)
	• Paul's defence before King Agrippa (Acts 26:1:29)



What should we learn from Acts?

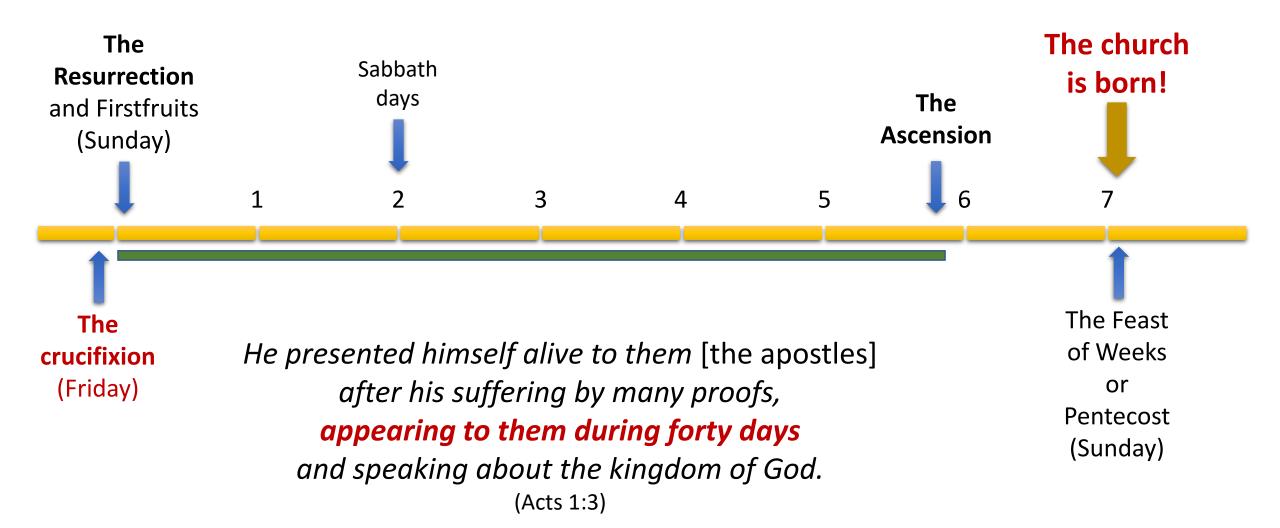
Is it just HISTORY or is it TEACHING?



Before Pentecost - Acts 1

- The Prologue
- > The promise of the Holy Spirit
- > The Kingdom of Israel
- The replacement for Judas





The Promise of the Holy Spirit

... He ordered them not to depart from Jerusalem, but to wait for the promise of the Father, which, He said, "You heard from me; for John baptised with water, but you will be baptised with the Holy Spirit not many days from now."

(Acts 1:4-5)

"And I will pray the Father, and He will give you another Helper, that He may abide with you forever— the Spirit of truth, whom the world cannot receive, because it neither sees Him nor knows Him; but you know Him, for He dwells with you and will be in you." (John 14:16-17)

> The Kingdom of Israel

"It is not for you to know times or seasons which the Father has put in His own authority."

> "But you shall receive power when the Holy Spirit has come upon you; and you shall be witnesses to Me in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the end of the earth."

"Lord, will You at this time restore the kingdom to Israel?"

The replacement for Judas

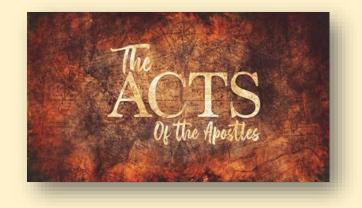
"Of these men who have accompanied us all the time that the Lord Jesus went in and out among us ... one of these must become a witness with us of His resurrection." And they proposed two: **Joseph** called Barsabas, who was surnamed Justus, and **Matthias**.

(Acts 1:21-23)

And they cast their lots, and the lot fell on Matthias. And he was numbered with the eleven apostles. (Acts 1:26)

Is this how we find God's will?





Next: The birth of the church